Rational Numbers Worksheet

- 1. Are the following statements true or false? Give reasons for your answers.
- (i) Every whole number is a natural number.
- (ii) Every whole number is a rational number.
- (iii) Every integer is a rational number.
- (iv) Every rational number is a whole number.
- (v) Sum of two irrational numbers need not be irrationals.
- (vi) Difference of two irrational numbers need not be irrationals.
- (vii) Product of two irrational numbers need not be irrationals.
- (viii) quotient of two irrational numbers is irrationals.
- (ix) Sum of a rational number and an irrational number is irrational.
- (x) The cube roots of all positive integers are always irrational.
- 2. Arrange -5/9, 7/12, -2/3 and 11/18 in the ascending order of their magnitudes.
- 3. Without doing any actual division, find which of the following rational numbers have terminating decimal representation:
 - (i) 7/16
 - (ii) 23/125

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- (iii) 9/14
- (iv) 32/45
- (v) 43/50
- (vi) 17/40
- (vii) 61/75
- (viii) 123/250
- 4. State whether the following numbers are rational or not:
 - (i) $(2 + \sqrt{2})$
 - (ii) $(3 \sqrt{3})$
 - (iii) $(5 + \sqrt{5})(5 \sqrt{5})$
 - (iv) $(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{2})$
- 5. Express $0.\overline{3}$ in the form of p/q, where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$.
- 6. Express $1.\overline{4}$ in the form of p/q, where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$.
- 8. Express $2.4\overline{178}$ in the form of p/q, where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$.
- 9. Express 32.12 $\overline{35}$ in the form of p/q, where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$.
- 10. Express $0.\overline{38} + 1.\overline{27}$ in the form of p/q, where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$.
- 11. Write three numbers whose decimal expansion are non-terminating and non-repeating.
- 12. Give an example of two irrational numbers whose
 - (i) difference is an irrational number.
 - (ii)difference is a rational number.
 - (iii) sum is an irrational number.
 - (iv) sum is a rational number.

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- (v) product is an irrational number.
- (vi) product is a rational number.
- (vii) quotient is an irrational number.
- (viii) quotient is a rational number.
- 13. Write in ascending order:
 - (i) $3\sqrt{5} \ and \ 4\sqrt{3}$
 - (ii) $2\sqrt[3]{5}$ and $3\sqrt[3]{2}$
 - (iii) $6\sqrt{5}, 7\sqrt{3} \text{ and } 8\sqrt{2}$
- 14. Write in descending order:
 - (i) $2\sqrt[4]{6}$ and $3\sqrt[4]{2}$
 - (ii) (ii) $7\sqrt{3}$ and $3\sqrt{7}$
- 15. Simplify the following expressions:
 - (i) $(5 + \sqrt{7})(2+\sqrt{5})$
 - (ii) $(5 + \sqrt{5})(5 \sqrt{5})$
 - (iii) $(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7})^2$
 - (iv) $(\sqrt{11} \sqrt{7})(\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{7})$
- Ans. 1 (i) false (ii) true (iii) true (iv) false (v) true (vi) true (vii) true (viii) false
 - (ix) true (x) False
 - 2. -2/3, -5/9, 7/12 and 11/18
 - 3.(i) terminating (ii) terminating (iii) non-terminating (iv) non-terminating
 - (v) terminating (vi) terminating (vii) non-terminating (viii) terminating
 - 4. (i) irrational (ii) irrational (iii) rational (iv) irrational
 - 5. $\frac{1}{3}$
 - 6. $1\frac{4}{9}$
 - 7. 1
 - 8. $\frac{12077}{4995}$

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9.
$$\frac{318023}{9900}$$

10.
$$\frac{164}{99}$$

11.
$$\sqrt{2}$$
, $\sqrt{3}$, $\sqrt{5}$

12. (i)
$$2 - \sqrt{3}$$
, $2 + \sqrt{3}$ (ii) $2 + \sqrt{3}$, $5 + \sqrt{3}$ (iii) $5 + \sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{3}$ -5

(iv)
$$3+\sqrt{2}$$
, $3-\sqrt{2}$ (v) $2+\sqrt{2}$, $3-\sqrt{2}$ (vi) $4+\sqrt{3}$, $4-\sqrt{3}$

(v)
$$2 + \sqrt{2} \cdot 3 - \sqrt{2}$$

(vi)
$$4+\sqrt{3}$$
, $4-\sqrt{3}$

(vii)
$$\sqrt{18}$$
, $\sqrt{3}$

(vii)
$$\sqrt{18}$$
, $\sqrt{3}$ (viii) $\sqrt{27}$, $\sqrt{3}$

13. (i)
$$3\sqrt{5} < 4\sqrt{3}$$

(ii)
$$2\sqrt[3]{5} < 3\sqrt[3]{2}$$

13. (i)
$$3\sqrt{5} < 4\sqrt{3}$$
 (ii) $2\sqrt[3]{5} < 3\sqrt[3]{2}$ (iii) $8\sqrt{2} < 7\sqrt{3} < 6\sqrt{5}$

14. (i)
$$3\sqrt[4]{2} > 2\sqrt[4]{6}$$
 (ii) $7\sqrt{3} > 3\sqrt{7}$

(ii)
$$7\sqrt{3} > 3\sqrt{7}$$

15. (i)
$$10 + 5\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{35}$$
 (ii) 20

20 (iii)
$$10 + 2\sqrt{21}$$
 (iv) 4